The Crisis Of The Seventeenth Century Religion The Reformation And Social Change

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John Donne and Tobie Matthew and the Religious Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

Discussion of H.R. Trevor-Roper

The Economic and Political Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

The Seventeenth Century Religion The Reformation and Social Change

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German Town Revolts and the Seventeenth-century Crisis

Crisis and Transformation in Seventeenth-century China

Global Crisis

The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

Crisis and Continuity

The Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

The Castilian Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

Silhouettes and English and Continental Portrait Miniatures Objects of Vertu

The Economic and Political Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

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The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

Nature's Mutiny: How the Little Ice Age of the Long Seventeenth Century Transformed the West and Shaped the Present

The Crisis of the Aristocracy in Seventeenth-century Castile

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The Crisis of Mysticism

The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century [and] The Thirty Years War

Seventeenth Century Crisis Theories

Crisis and Transformation in Seventeenth Century

China

Global Crisis

Rescue the Surviving Souls

John Donne and Tobie Matthew and the Religious Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

One of the most fierce and wide-ranging debates in historical circles during the last twenty years has concerned the theory that throughout Europe, the seventeenth century was a period of crisis so pervasive, significant and intense that it could be labelled a 'General Crisis'. A number of articles stimulated by the debate were collected and published in a book entitled Crisis in Europe, edited by Trevor Aston. This volume takes the still acrimonious debate up to the present day. The editors have collected together ten important subsequent essays concerning the social, economic and political crises which affected not only Europe but also Asia in the mid-seventeenth century. All the pieces are essential reading for a clear understanding of the period. This new edition of The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century contains fresh research, new perspectives and completely updated bibliographies and index.

Discussion of H.R. Trevor-Roper

The Economic and Political Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

The Economic and Political Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

German Town Revolts and the Seventeenth-century Crisis
Global Crisis

The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century The Civil War, the Restoration, and the Glorious Revolution in England laid the institutional and intellectual foundations of the modern understanding of liberty, of which we are heirs and beneficiaries. The Crisis of the Seventeenth Century uncovers new pathways to understanding this seminal time. Neither Catholic nor Protestant emerges unscathed from the examination to which Trevor-Roper subjects the era in which, from political and religious causes, the identification and extirpation of witches was a central event. Trevor-Roper points out that "In England the most active phase of witch-hunting coincided with times of Puritan pressure -- the reign of Queen Elizabeth and the period of the civil wars -- and some very fanciful theories have been built on this coincidence. But the persecution of witches in England was trivial compared with the experience of the Continent and of Scotland. Therefore [one must examine] the craze as a whole, throughout Europe, and [seek] to relate its rise, frequency, and decline to the general intellectual and social movements of the time".

Irish Social Mobility: Examining Elite Responses to Crisis in the 17th-Century British Caribbean

Europe's Seventeenth Century Crisis A groundbreaking examination of a little-known but defining episode in early modern Jewish history A refugee crisis of huge proportions erupted as a result of the mid-seventeenth-century wars in the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth. Tens of thousands of Jews fled their homes, or were captured and trafficked across Europe, the Middle East, and North Africa. Rescue the Surviving Souls is the first book to examine this horrific moment of displacement and flight, and to assess its social, economic, religious, cultural, and psychological consequences. Drawing on a wealth of primary sources in twelve languages, Adam Teller traces the entire course of the crisis, shedding fresh light on the refugee experience and the various relief strategies developed by the major Jewish centers of the day. Teller pays particular attention to those thousands of Jews sent for sale on the slave markets of Istanbul and the extensive transregional Jewish economic network that coalesced to ransom them. He also explores how Jewish communities rallied to support the refugees in central and western Europe, as well as in Poland-Lithuania, doing everything possible to help them overcome their traumatic experiences and rebuild their lives. Rescue the Surviving Souls offers an intimate study of an international refugee crisis, from outbreak to resolution, that is profoundly relevant today.

The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

Crisis in Finance: Crown, Financiers and Society in Seventeenth-century France

The Crisis in Late Seventeenth Century French Protestant Thought

Queen Christina and the General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

Halifax and the General Crisis of Seventeenth Century

Shakespeare and the Crisis of Absolutism in Seventeenth-century England Describes the social and cultural transformation of seventeenth-century China through the life and work of Li Yu

Global Crisis One of the most fierce and wide-ranging debates in historical circles during the
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Crisis and Change in the Venetian Economy in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries

Crisis and Continuity

The Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

The Castilian Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

Silhouettes and English and Continental Portrait Miniatures Objects of Vertu During the
middle seventeenth century, tens of thousands of Irish people came to England's Caribbean
colonies. Cromwell captured and transported most of these individuals to Barbados and
Montserrat, and those Irish persons became indentured servants to English masters on the
islands. Despite living under English rule and participating in plantation economies in both
colonies, the Irish inhabitants of Barbados and Montserrat display stark differences in social
mobility toward the end of the seventeenth century. Rather than looking to Irish individuals’
agency in creating social difference or mobility, this research examines the roles crises and elites
play in creating these disparate outcomes for the Barbadian and Montserratian Irish. I use
comparative process tracing analysis to investigate how endogenous and exogenous crises affect
elite responses to social instability and, subsequently, create varying levels of social mobility for
Irish people on seventeenth-century Barbados and Montserrat.

The Economic and Political Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

Crisis and Decline Since the 1970s an explosion of historical scholarship in Spain, employing
new techniques, approaches and sources, has transformed our knowledge of the Castilian past.
Hardly any of this research has been absorbed into non-specialist scholarship outside Spain,
thereby diminishing the value of any analysis of European economic development that fails to
take account of it.

The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century Argues that climate change was to blame for the
"General Crisis" of the 17th century—bringing about worldwide war, revolution and human
suffering—and encourages readers to look to this historical period to help prepare for the fallout
from global warming.

Nature's Mutiny: How the Little Ice Age of the Long Seventeenth Century Transformed the
West and Shaped the Present

The Crisis of the Aristocracy in Seventeenth-century Castile An accessible synthesis of the
prescient best seller exploring seventeenth-century catastrophe and the impact of climate change
First published in 2013, Geoffrey Parker's prize-winning best seller Global Crisis analyzes the
unprecedented calamities—revolutions, droughts, famines, invasions, wars, and regicides—that
befell the mid-seventeenth-century world and wiped out as much as one-third of the global population, and reveals climate change to be the root cause. Examining firsthand accounts of the crises and scrutinizing the prevailing weather patterns during the 1640s and 1650s—longer and harsher winters, and cooler and wetter summers—Parker reveals evidence of disrupted growing seasons causing malnutrition, disease, a higher death toll, and fewer births. This new abridged edition distills the original book’s prodigious research for a broader audience while retaining and indeed emphasizing Parker’s extraordinary historical achievement: his dazzling demonstration of the link between climate change and worldwide catastrophe 350 years ago. Yet, the contemporary implications of his study are equally important: are we prepared today for the catastrophes that climate change could bring tomorrow? At half the original length, this user-friendly abridgment is ideal for students and general readers seeking a rapid handle on the key issues.

The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

The Seventeenth-Century Crisis Few historians can claim to have undertaken historical analysis on as grand a scale as Geoffrey Parker in his 2013 work Global Crisis: War, Climate Change and Catastrophe in the Seventeenth Century. It is a doorstop of a book that surveys the ‘general crisis of the 17th century,’ shows that it was experienced practically throughout the world, and was not merely a European phenomenon, and links it to the impact of climate change in the form of the advent of a cold period known as the ‘Little Ice Age.’ Parker’s triumph is made possible by the deployment of formidable critical thinking skills – reasoning, to construct an engaging overall argument from very disparate material, and analysis, to re-examine and understand the plethora of complex secondary sources on which his book is built. In critical thinking, analysis is all about understanding the features and structures of argument: how given reasons lead to conclusions, and what kinds of implicit reasons and assumptions are being used. Historical analysis applies the same skills to the fabric of history, asking how given chains of events occur, how different reasons and factors interact, and so on. Parker, though, takes things further than most in his quest to understand the meaning of a century's-worth of turbulence spread across the whole globe. Beginning by breaking down the evidence for significant climatic cooling in the 17th-century (due to decreased solar activity), he moves on to detailed study of the effects the cooling had on societies and regimes across the world. From this detailed spadework, he constructs a persuasive argument that accounts for the different ways in which the effects of climate change played out across the century – an argument with profound implications for a future likely to see serious climate change of its own.

The Seventeenth Century General Crisis in China

The Crisis of the Seventeenth Century The decline of Venice remains one of the classic episodes in the economic development of modern Europe. Its contrasts are familiar enough: the wealthiest commercial power in fifteenth-century Europe, the strongest western colonial power in the eastern Mediterranean, found its principal fame three centuries later in carnival and the arts. This metamorphosis from commercial hegemony to fashionable pleasure and landed wealth was, however, a complex process. It resulted not so much from the Portuguese voyages of discovery at the beginning of the sixteenth century as from increasing Dutch and English competition at its end, and from industrial competition chiefly from beyond the Mediterranean. Several of the Articles Dr Pullan has chosen to illustrate these changes are made available in English for the first time, and two have been revised for this book. Four deal with the fortunes of entrepot trade and shipbuilding, which had furnished the basis of Venetian wealth and influence in the Middle Ages; four others examine the new fields of enterprise which Venice explored in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries and which helped to compensate for the
decline in traditional activities. This classic book was first published in 1968.

The Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century

Discussion of H. R. Trevor-Roper

The Crisis of Mysticism The Crisis of Mysticism is the first book in English in seventy years to give a full account of the struggle over mystical spirituality that tore the Catholic Church apart at the end of the seventeenth century, resulting in papal condemnation of some mystics and the decline of mysticism in Catholicism for almost two centuries.

The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century [and] The Thirty Years War

Seventeenth Century Crisis Theories

Crisis and Transformation in Seventeenth Century China One of the fiercest and most wide-ranging debates in historical circles during the last decade has concerned the theory that, throughout Europe, the seventeenth century was a period of crisis so significant and intense that it could be labeled a "General Crisis." This updated volume takes the still acrimonious debate up to today. Geoffrey Parker and Lesley Smith have collected ten important subsequent essays concerning the social, economic and political crises which affected Europe and Asia in the mid-seventeenth century. This edition of "The General Crisis of the Seventeenth Century" contains fresh research, new perspectives and completely updated bibliographies and index.

Global Crisis

Rescue the Surviving Souls An illuminating work of environmental history that chronicles the great climate crisis of the 1600s, which transformed the social and political fabric of Europe. Although hints of a crisis appeared as early as the 1570s, the temperature by the end of the sixteenth century plummeted so drastically that Mediterranean harbors were covered with ice, birds literally dropped out of the sky, and “frost fairs” were erected on a frozen Thames—with kiosks, taverns, and even brothels that become a semi-permanent part of the city. Recounting the deep legacy and far-ranging consequences of this “Little Ice Age,” acclaimed historian Philipp Blom reveals how the European landscape had suddenly, but ineradicably, changed by the mid-seventeenth century. While apocalyptic weather patterns destroyed entire harvests and incited mass migrations, they gave rise to the growth of European cities, the emergence of early capitalism, and the vigorous stirrings of the Enlightenment. A timely examination of how a society responds to profound and unexpected change, Nature’s Mutiny will transform the way we think about climate change in the twenty-first century and beyond.

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